BIOZOL
Diagnostica Vertrieb GmbH, Oehleckerring 11-13
22419 Hamburg, Germany
Telephone: +49 (0)89 3799666-6 | **Fax:** +49 (0)89 3799666-99
E-Mail: info@biozol.de

Product Datasheet

Rabbit IgG anti-Sheep IgG (H+L)-Alk. Phos., MinX none
DNA-SEC-183555

Article Name	Rabbit IgG anti-Sheep IgG (H+L)-Alk. Phos., MinX none
Biozol Catalog Number	DNA-SEC-183555
Supplier Catalog Number	SEC-183555
Alternative Catalog Number	DNA-SEC-183555
Manufacturer	dianova
Host	Rabbit
Category	Antikörper
Application	ELISA,IHC,WB
Species Reactivity	Sheep
Immunogen	Anti-Sheep IgG (H&L) was produced by repeated immunization with Sheep IgG whole molecule in rabbit.
Conjugation	Alk. Phos.
Format	IgG
Target Specificity	IgG (H+L)
Cross-Adsorption (MinX)	no cross-adsorbtion
Product Description	Anti-Sheep IgG antibody generated in rabbit detects specifically sheep IgG. This secondary antibody anti-Sheep is ideal for investigators who routinely perform ELISA, Sandwich ELISA, titration assays, western-blot, immunoprecipitation and more genera...
Clonality	Polyclonal

Concentration	1.0 mg/mL
Isotype	Ig
Buffer	0.05 M Tris Chloride, 0.15M Sodium Chloride, 0.001M Magnesium Chloride, 0.0001M Zinc Chloride, 50% (v/v) Glycerol, pH 8.0
Purity	This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography using Sheep IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by solid phase adsorption(s) to remove any unwanted reactivities. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Alkaline Phosphatase (calf intestine), anti-Rabbit Serum, Sheep IgG and Sheep Serum.
Form	Liquid (sterile filtered)
Formula	50 mM TrisHCl,150 mM NaCl,1 mM MgCl,0,1 mM ZnCl,50% (v/v) Glycerol,pH 8,0,sterile filtered,0,1% NaN3
Target	Sheep
Antibody Type	Secondary Antibody
Application Dilute	ELISA Dilution: 1:5,000, Immunohistochemistry Dilution: 1:200 - 1:1,000, Western Blot Dilution: 1:500 - 1:2,000
Application Notes	Anti-Sheep IgG (H&L) is suitable for use in immunoelectrophoresis, western-blot, competitive western-blot, ELISA and competitive ELISA assays. Specific conditions for reactivity and signal detection should be optimized by the end user.